Messaging Services

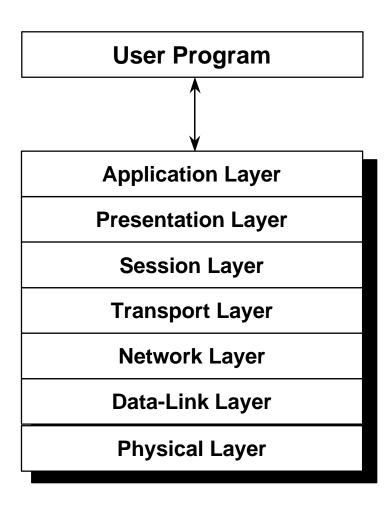
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Agenda

- ➤ What is a messaging service?
- Messaging services in automation
- > Common functions
- Some specifics & developments
- Potential applications
- Areas at issues
- > Benefits

Where does messaging fit?

➤ In the OSI Reference Model, Messaging is an application layer function.



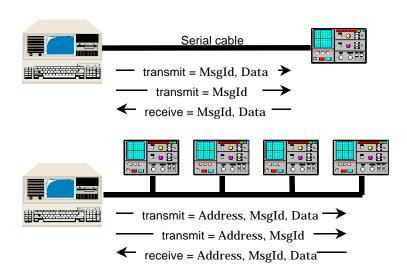
What is a messaging service?

- Any set of services that support the exchange of data between two (or more) systems or devices
 - Define message types
 - Define message structure
 - Define procedures
 - Define the roles of participates, for example:
 - master slave
 - client server
 - publish subscribe

Who initiates communications, responses, error handling, priority, etc.

A Simple Message Service

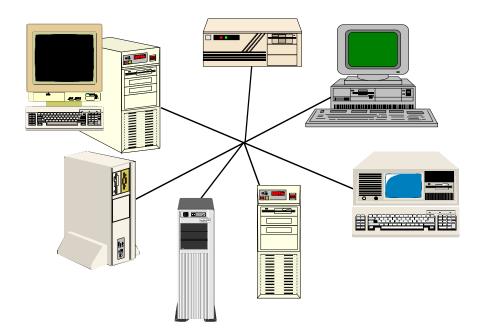
- Simple messaging services provide transmit & receive operations using an message identifier
- Handshaking and error detection are performed by the applications or by the data-link / physical layers
- Some messaging services implement addition data integrity functions (checksum, CRC)
- Some messaging services provide addressing to support communication with multiple devices



Limited number of devices
Limited set of operations
Limited number of messages
Limited data sets

A Sophisticated Message Service

- A large range of operations (many message types)
- A sophisticated message structure
- A sophisticated dialog
- Services for data integrity and data security
- Addressing for large systems



Large number of devices
Large set of operations
Large number of messages
Large data sets

Comparison of Messages

- Simple messaging services provide:
 - Address
 - Msg Id
 - Data
 - Checksum

Example, set or get a variable from a device.

Write data to the device

Addr	Msgld	Data	Checksum
8 bits	8 bits	32 bits	16 bits

Request data from the device

Addr	Msgld	Checksum
8 bits	8 bits	16 bits

Data response from the device

Α	ddr	Msgld	Data	Checksum
8	bits	8 bits	32 bits	16 bits

Sophisticated messaging services like MMS provide services and a message structure that can support a diverse range of functionality

Example, set or get a variable from a device.

Write data to the device

MMS	Write	Description

Where "Description" provides for the symbolic named or physical address of the requested variable. The requested variable could be a simple integer or a complex data structure.

Request data from the device

MMS	Read	Description

Where "Description" provides for the symbolic named, physical address of the requested variable or a list of variables.

Data response from the device

MMS Read rsp Data			
	MMS	Read rsp	Data

The response will include sufficient information to identify the data contained in the response.

Messaging in Automation

- Modbus, Modbus+ (Proprietary, layers 1, 2 & 7)
- ➤ Allen-Bradley Data Highway (Proprietary, layers 1, 2 & 7)
- GeniusNet (GE-Fanuc) (Proprietary, layers 1, 2 & 7)
- LonWorks (Echelon)
 (Proprietary, layers 1 thru 6, Layer 1 & 2 moving toward std)
- Distribution Line Messaging Specification (DLMS) (European Std, layers 1, 2 & 7*)
- Profibus (German Std, layers 1, 2 & 7- FMS*)
- Fieldbus Foundation (US Std, layers 1, 2 & 7 FMS*)
- ➤ WorldFIP (French Std, layers 1,2 & 7)
- Manufacturing Message Specification
 (Intl Std, layer 7, operates over std stacks)
- Common Management Information Service (Intl. Std, layer 7, operates over std stacks)
- Simple Network Management Protocol (Internet Std, layer 7, operates over IP)

Proprietary solutions of manufacturing and industrial applications No transport or network layers

Initially a proprietary solution, promoters are now seeking adoption by standards bodies.

Standard for electric utility device operation. No transport or network layers.

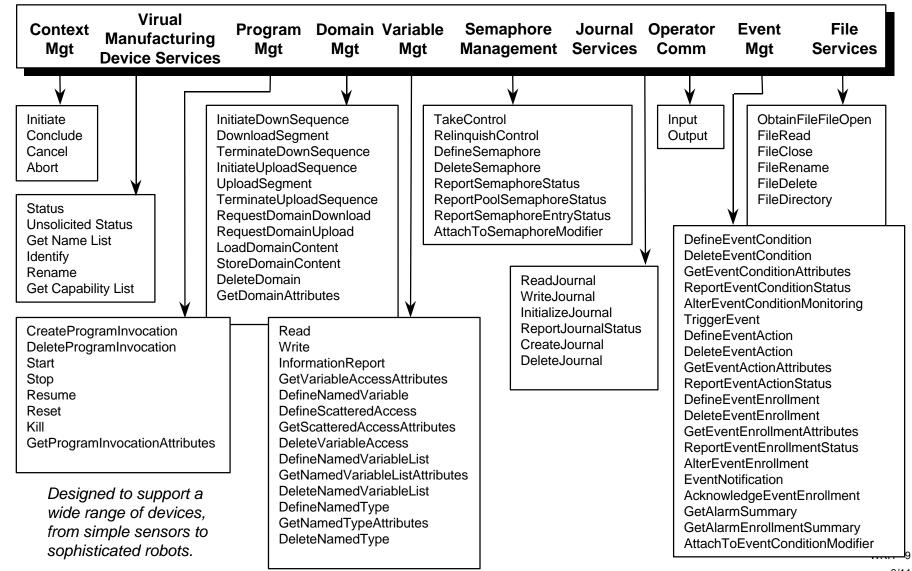
Designed for tight process control applications, token based with limited data bus speeds
No transport or network layers

Designed for full 7 layer protocol implementations, operate over most standard transport, network, data-link and physical layers.

^{*} based on Manufacturing Message Specification

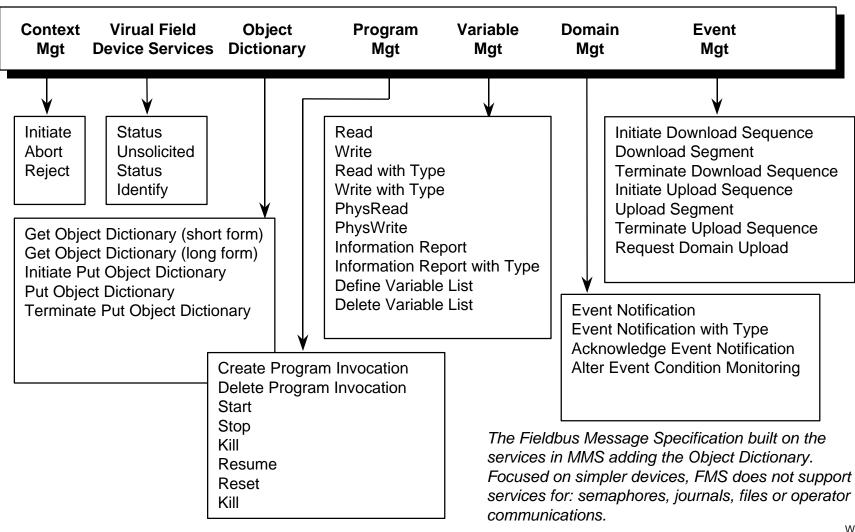
MMS Services

MMS provides 87 services to manage devices



FMS Services

FMS provides a subset of MMS services to manage devices



Common Features

- ➤ The basic functions in messaging services for automation are provided by all solutions:
 - > SNMP, CMIS/CMIP, MMS, FMS, DLMS
 - Write (Set), Read (Get), Report
- ➤ Application layer standards like the Fieldbus

 Message Specification (FMS for Profibus and Fieldbus Foundation)

 and Distributed Line Messaging Specification (DLMS)

 are derived from MMS
- ➤ Basing the Space Messaging Service on MMS is clearly the right thing to do.

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Developments

- MMS re-balloted in 1996 and approved
- Inter-Control Center Protocol (ICCP) has been adopted as a Draft International Standard (based on MMS)
- TASE.2 is moving toward International Standard through the IEC (based on MMS)
- ➤ IEEE, Power Engineering Society taking over automation standards effort initiated by EPRI under the Utility Communications Architecture (UCA)
- Slow but continued expansion in manufacturing sector
- > Expanding use in China, India, and the far east
- US Post Office initiating integration of facilities (cells based on Profibus)

Functionality Enhancements

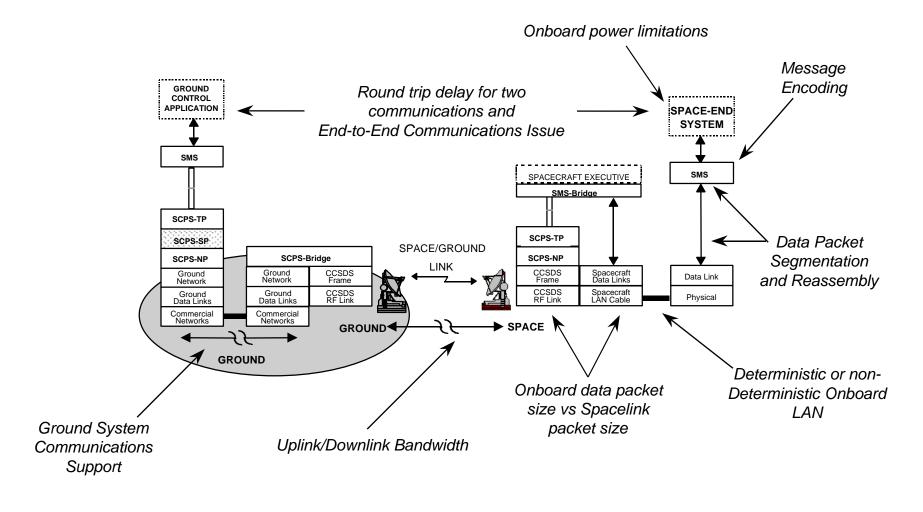
- ➤ In UCA, control blocks have been developed to enhance inter-operability
- Products incorporating X.500 address services
- Security elements implemented at the ACSE level to support multi-level access to sensitive data
- Products for embedded systems available for constrained devices (64K code, 8 bit processors)
- ITU Draft Proposal for the FastByte implemented, applied and a available
- High performance stacks now operating at the cutting edge of available technologies

Potential applications

A standard message service has potential applications wherever real-time monitor and **Spacecraft** control functions are performed: Mission control centers • Tracking station operations • Launch facility operations Launch **Mission Facilities Control Tracking Stations**

Areas at Issue

The solutions must deal with the entire system



Benefits

- ➤ A standard provide industry with a clearly define interface to products that can inter-operate with products from other vendors.
- > Standards with reduce the cost of re-inventing the messaging system for every new mission.
- ➤ A standards with promote commercial competition for business and reduce costs.

Man will go to any expediency to avoid the real labor of thinking